**PEDOMAN TRANSLITERASI**

1. **Konsonan II. Vokal Pendek**

**ء = ` ض =** dh \_\_َ\_ = a

**ب =** b **ط =** th \_\_\_ = i

**ت =** t **ظ =** zh \_\_ُ\_ = u

**ث =** ts **ع =** ‘

**ج =** j **غ =** gh

**ح =** h **ف =** f **III. Vokal Panjang**

**خ =** kh **ق =**q ا\_\_\_َ = â

**د =** d **ك =**k \_\_ي =î

**ذ =** dz **ل =** l \_\_ُ\_و = û

**ر =** r **م =** m

**ز** = z **ن =** n

**س** = s **و =** w **IV. Diftong**

**ش =** sy **ه =** h \_\_\_و = aw

**ص =** sh **ي =** y \_\_\_ي = ay

**V. Pembauran .** *Ta`marbûthah* (ة) yang mendapatkan

**ال =** al harokat *sukûn*transliterasinya adalah h;  **.** Hamzah (ء) ditranssliterasi dengan ` bila

 **الش =** al-sy... berada di tengah atau akhir kata;

**.***Yâ` al-nisbah* ditransliterasi dengan î,

Seperti al-Ghazâlî.